

Change the order of the letters to find the original word.

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| I
_____ | = 1. ENODMRXGIAR P
a program that organizes all the information saved for a Web site so you can find the information. |
| C
_____ | = 2. OAECAICBXLLA
once the industry standard, coax cable is similar to that used by the cable company. |
| V
_____ | = 3. RVUSI
a small program that copies itself and interrupts the computer or the network. |
| S
_____ | = 4. TEVSEIARE GCOD
devices on which you store files, such as hard drives, compact disks, tape and optical drives. |
| N
_____ | = 5. GTO RNTRE YWMOPSEETSKIAN
software that controls, organizes, and manages all activities on the network. |
| H
_____ | = 6. TXPREEHTY
links on a Web site that let you jump between pages. |
| M
_____ | = 7. OMEMD
equipment that connects a computer to the Internet via a phone line. |
| S
_____ | = 8. RRVES E
on a client/server network, this is the computer that holds all the information and resources. |
| T
_____ | = 9. CUS/EI OOTOPP TPLRTIC
the set of protocols or rules that control information transfers over the Internet. |
| T
_____ | =10. ODLTVE-IE OMANPL
the suffix in a domain name that indicates the type of server holding a Web site, such as .com or .edu. |
| A
_____ | =11. CERIAEHCUNTRRTTACE
one of the oldest network architectures. |
| P
_____ | =12. R-POPTRETN-EEWK ROEE
a connection of equal computers. |
| 1
_____ | =13. BE0T1AS
an older Ethernet architecture, still common in small businesses and home networks. |
| T
_____ | =14. PIPC/T
ensures that you can send and receive information over the Internet. |
| G
_____ | =15. EWAATGY
a connection device that links two different types of networks. |