

Place the letter of the matching description from the right column on the blank in front of the number of the left column.

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| <p>_____ 1. Digital Audio Tape</p> | <p>A. Invisible circle placed on a disk by the formatting process.</p> |
| <p>_____ 2. Magnetic Tape</p> | <p>B. A CD which can be written to until it is full. Holds 650 Mb to 700 Mb of data. Random access of data.</p> |
| <p>_____ 3. Formatting</p> | <p>C. Method to reduce the amount of data that has to be included when video data, still or moving pictures is stored.</p> |
| <p>_____ 4. DVD-Recordable</p> | <p>D. A DVD which can be written to until it is full. Holds 4.7 Gb of data.</p> |
| <p>_____ 5. Interface</p> | <p>E. Installs enough of the features of the package for the majority of users.</p> |
| <p>_____ 6. USB Flash Drive</p> | <p>F. Information already stored on a disk cannot be altered.</p> |
| <p>_____ 7. Sequential Access</p> | <p>G. A system for permanently holding data on media such as disk or tape.</p> |
| <p>_____ 8. Compression</p> | <p>H. Designed to store audio data. Holds between 10 Gb to 100Gb of data. Sequential access to data.</p> |
| <p>_____ 9. Initialise</p> | <p>I. The physical parts or devices which make up a computer system.</p> |
| <p>_____ 10. Tracks</p> | <p>J. Plastic tape coated on one side with a magnetic material. Holds 10 to 100 Gb of data. Sequential Access of data.</p> |
| <p>_____ 11. Capacity</p> | <p>K. An object upon which software and data may be held, such as CD-ROM.</p> |
| <p>_____ 12. Backing Storage Medium</p> | <p>L. A CD which can be written to and erased over and over again. Holds 650 Mb to 700 Mb of data.</p> |
| <p>_____ 13. Backing Storage</p> | <p>M. The rate at which data can be transferred from the backing storage device.</p> |
| <p>_____ 14. 'Super Disks'</p> | <p>N. Have a much higher storage capacity than ordinary floppy disks. Their capacity is between 100 MB and 750 Mb.</p> |
| <p>_____ 15. CD-Rewriteable</p> | <p>O. Reading a set of records in the same order as they were originally stored.</p> |
| <p>_____ 16. Hard Disk</p> | <p>P. A DVD which can be written to and erased over and over again. Holds 4.7 Gb to 9.4 Gb of data.</p> |
| <p>_____ 17. Hardware</p> | <p>Q. Laying down of tracks and sectors on a disk.</p> |
| <p>_____ 18. Custom Installation</p> | <p>R. Allows the user to choose which features of the package they wish to install.</p> |
| <p>_____ 19. Basic Installation</p> | <p>S. Circular metal disk(s) coated with magnetic material. Holds 20 Gb to 1 Tb of data.</p> |
| <p>_____ 20. DVD-Rewriteable</p> | <p>T. The quantity of data that can be held on backing storage medium.</p> |
| <p>_____ 21. Speed</p> | <p>U. A solid-state storage device made up of flash ROM, connected via the USB interface. Holds 16 Mb to 1Gb of data.</p> |
| <p>_____ 22. CD-Recordable</p> | <p>V. Another name for laying down of tracks and sectors on a disk.</p> |
| <p>_____ 23. Floppy Disk</p> | <p>W. Disk coated with a magnetic material and enclosed in a rectangular cover of hard plastic. Holds 1.44 Mb of data.</p> |
| <p>_____ 24. Write-protected</p> | <p>X. Allows different devices to communicate with the processor by compensating for any differences in their operation.</p> |
| <p>_____ 25. DVD-ROM</p> | <p>Y. An optical storage medium with a much higher storage capacity (4.7 Gb to 17 Gb) and can hold video data.</p> |