

Backing Storage

Place the letter of the term that matches the description on the blank in front of the number.

1. The hardware that uses or holds the media.
_____ A. Backing Storage Device B. Capacity C. CD-Rewriteable D. 'Super Disks'
2. Disk coated with a magnetic material and enclosed in a rectangular cover of hard plastic. Holds 1.44 Mb of data.
_____ A. Full Installation B. Basic Installation C. Floppy Disk D. Magnetic Tape
3. Allows different devices to communicate with the processor by compensating for any differences in their operation.
_____ A. Backing Storage Device B. Interface C. Tracks D. Compression
4. The rate at which data can be transferred from the backing storage device.
_____ A. Speed B. Basic Installation C. Compression D. Floppy Disk
5. A DVD which can be written to and erased over and over again. Holds 4.7 Gb to 9.4 Gb of data.
_____ A. Backing Storage Medium B. DVD-Rewriteable C. DVD-ROM D. CD-Recordable
6. Have a much higher storage capacity than ordinary floppy disks. Their capacity is between 100 MB and 750 Mb.
_____ A. 'Super Disks' B. Write-protected C. Random Access D. Backing Storage
7. Information already stored on a disk cannot be altered.
_____ A. Write-protected B. Tracks C. Random Access D. Sequential Access
8. Laying down of tracks and sectors on a disk.
_____ A. Hard Disk B. Backing Storage Device C. Compact Disk Read Only Memory D. Formatting
9. A solid-state storage device made up of flash ROM, connected via the USB interface. Holds 16 Mb to 1Gb of data.
_____ A. Initialise B. USB Flash Drive C. Backing Storage Device D. Floppy Disk
10. The physical parts or devices which make up a computer system.
_____ A. Hardware B. Basic Installation C. Backing Storage D. Initialise
11. A CD which can be written to and erased over and over again. Holds 650 Mb to 700 Mb of data.
_____ A. Hardware B. CD-Rewriteable C. Capacity D. Backing Storage Medium
12. Another name for laying down of tracks and sectors on a disk.
_____ A. Interface B. Initialise C. Compact Disk Read Only Memory D. Speed
13. Circular metal disk(s) coated with magnetic material. Holds 20 Gb to 1 Tb of data.
_____ A. DVD-Recordable B. Hard Disk C. Sequential Access D. Initialise
14. Reading a set of records in the same order as they were originally stored.
_____ A. Sequential Access B. Compression C. Backing Storage D. Tracks
15. An object upon which software and data may be held, such as CD-ROM.
_____ A. Backing Storage Medium B. 'Super Disks' C. Random Access D. Sequential Access
16. A system for permanently holding data on media such as disk or tape.
_____ A. Random Access B. Formatting C. Backing Storage D. Digital Audio Tape
17. Being able to locate a data item straight away, whether it is stored on disk or in main memory.
_____ A. Random Access B. Basic Installation C. Write-protected D. Compression
18. A DVD which can be written to until it is full. Holds 4.7 Gb of data.
_____ A. Basic Installation B. Backup C. Hardware D. DVD-Recordable
19. Plastic tape coated on one side with a magnetic material. Holds 10 to 100 Gb of data. Sequential Access of data.
_____ A. Basic Installation B. Magnetic Tape C. CD-Rewriteable D. Backing Storage Device
20. A copy of a program or data made in case the original is damaged or lost.
_____ A. Formatting B. Interface C. Write-protected D. Backup
21. Method to reduce the amount of data that has to be included when video data, still or moving pictures is stored.
_____ A. Speed B. CD-Rewriteable C. Compression D. Initialise
22. Installs enough of the features of the package for the majority of users.
_____ A. Hardware B. CD-Rewriteable C. Digital Audio Tape D. Basic Installation
23. A CD which can be written to until it is full. Holds 650 Mb to 700 Mb of data. Random access of data.
_____ A. DVD-Rewriteable B. Floppy Disk C. CD-Recordable D. Backing Storage Medium
24. Allows the user to choose which features of the package they wish to install.
_____ A. Custom Installation B. DVD-Recordable C. CD-Rewriteable D. CD-Recordable